

Fallon Foster, M.P.H.
County Extension Agent
Family & Community Health
County Coordinator

Franny Woods
4-H Program Assistant

Tommy Byers
Better Living for Texans
Program Associate
Nutrition Educator

Office 409-882-7010

Orange County AgriLife Newsletter May 2021



Sunday May 9th



County Judge
John Gothia

Commissioner Precinct 1
Johnny Trahan
Commissioner Precinct 2
Theresa Beauchamp
Commissioner Precinct 3
Kirk Roccaforte
Commissioner Precinct 4
Robert Viator



Monday May 31st Office closed this day



Scan and go directly to AgriLife website orange.agrilife.org





DO WELL, BE

GRILIFE

The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service is excited to offer free educational programs focused on managing type 2 diabetes.

Dates: May 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th, & 25th

Time: 10:00 am to 12:00pm Location:

City of Orange -Neighborhood Facilities Bldg

earn how to manage your diabetes

through food &

exercise.

Learn more

about

medication.

If-care, and

To register, contact your local county agent!

Neighborhood Facilities Bldg 303 North 8th St

Orange, TX 77630

Orange County Extension Office

11475-A FM 1442

Orange, TX 77630 Call 409-882-7010 to register.

Taught by:

Fallon Foster, M.P.H.

Orange County Extension Agent

Family & Community Health

Do You Want a Fresh Start to a Healthier Join us for a 4 week series beginning May 6th, 13th, 20th, & 27th at the Raymond Gould Community 385 Claiborne St. from 6PM—7PM Free give a To R.S.V.P or for Questions Contact Tommy Byers (BLT each class! Nutrition Educator) at 409-882-7010 Topic of discussions will include: saving money at the grocery store, food safety, & meal planning TEXAS A&M Covid-19 Guidelines GRILIFE will be followed! EXTENSION



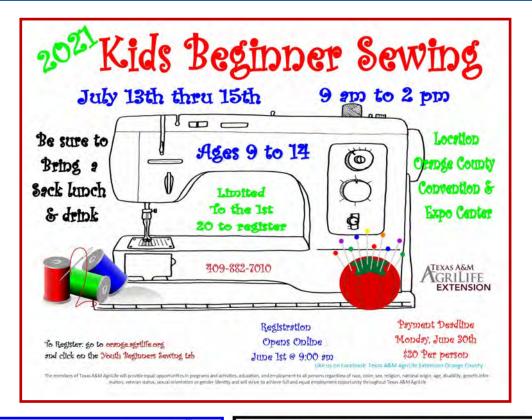














2021



Certified Food Managers Two Day Course with Test



May 25th & 27th; Registration Deadline: May 3rd August 10th-11th; Registration Deadline: July 26th November 9th—10th; Registration Deadline: Oct 25th

Classes are held 9 am to 4 pm each day

Fallon Foster, M.P.H. County Extension Agent Family & Community Health will conduct the course and exam at the Extension office 11475 FM 1442 Orange, 409-882-7010.



TEXAS A&M

Must pre register by obtaining the registration form from http://foodsafety.tamu.edu Must submit payment of \$125 per person payable to AgriLife Extension Acct. # 230202 along with registration form to FPM prior to EXTENSION deadline dates.

CONFERENCE

August 3, 2021 9 am - 3 pm Orange County Convention & Expo Center 11475 FM 1442 Orange, TX 409-882-7010

Speakers **Continental Breakfast** Lunch **Door Prizes** Vendors

- Hand's On Activities
- **Round Table Talk**
- Active Shooter Scenarios
- Rodent Control
- **Vent-a-hood Maintenance**
- **Health Department Speakers**

Food Handlers Course offered for \$20 from 3:00 pm-5:00 pm

Deadline to register July 10, 2020

To register go to: orange.agrilife.org and click on the Food Safety Registration tab.







THE 6TH ANNUAL MICHAEL HOKE MEMORIAL OUTDOOR AWARENESS FOR KIDS

FUN!!

RAIN OR SHINE!!

FOOD!!

AGES 8-14
SEPTEMBER 18, 2021
\$10 PER PERSON
CLAIBORNE WEST PARK
HALLIBURTON PAVILION
4105 NORTH ST, VIDOR, TX
9AM - 2PM



CHECK-IN THE DAY OF EVENT: 8:30AM

TO REGISTER GO TO ORANGE.AGRILIFE.ORG AND CLICK ON
THE REGISTRATIONS LINK

DEADLINE TO REGISTER & PAY: SEPTEMBER 10, 2021
CALL 409-882-7010 IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS







the members of Treas ARM Agril/fe will provide equal capport inities in programs and activities, education, and emoberment to all persons resentless of race, color, see, religion, allowed origin, see, disability, generic information, veteran status, sexual orientation or gender identity and will strive to achieve full and equal employment opportunity throughcut Press ARM Agrilly, generic information, veteran status, sexual orientation or gender identity, and will strive to achieve full and equal employment opportunity throughcut Press ARM Agrilly and will be a service or a service of the service of the service or activities or activities or activities or activities of the service or activities of the service or activities or activities of the service or activities of the service or activities or activities



Come join us on this date and dress supporting your local or college football team.

More details to be published in future newsletters. If you are interested in being an health and wellness exhibitor, contact the office at 409-882-7010 or email orange-tx@ag,tamu.edu

Souper Rice Yield 4 people



- * 1 (10.75 oz. can cream of chicken soup (can use 98% fat free)
- * 11/2 cups chicken broth
- * 1 1/2 cups uncooked instant white rice
- * 1/4 cup grated Parmesan cheese (green can or fresh)
- 1. Heat the soup and broth in a 2quart saucepan over medium-high heat to a boil.
- 2. Stir the rice, cheese, and pepper into the saucepan. Cover the pan and remove from heat.
- 3. Let stand for 5-8 minutes, until rice is cook and most of the liquid is absorbed.

Notes:

- This recipe is specifically made for Instant White Rice. Using any other kind of rice will not work with this particular recipe
- You can use any can of condensed cream soup that you enjoy. Cream of chicken, mushroom, celery, or broccoli all works fine.
- You can use any cheese that you prefer.

plainchicken.com



Orange County Food Safety

Researchers review traceback investigations for the deadly romaine outbreaks

The current edition of The Journal of Food Protection reports on another study into three outbreaks involving romaine lettuce contaminated with Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli. This one focuses on determining the source of the outbreak vehicle through traceback investigations.

The Food and Drug Administration personnel traceback investigation experts employ a standardized process to initiate, execute, and interpret the results of traceback investigations in collaboration with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and state and local health departments.

This latest study was done by FDA and CDC professionals including <u>Kari Irvin</u>; <u>Stelios Viazis</u>; <u>Angela Fields</u>; <u>Sharon Seelman</u>; <u>Karen Blickenstaff</u>; <u>Ellen Gee</u>; <u>Matthew Wise</u>; <u>Katherine Marshall</u>; <u>Laura Gieraltowski</u>; and <u>Stic Harris</u>.

Their focus was on the traceback investigation of the three outbreaks of STEC infections linked to romaine lettuce in 2018 and 2019. As part of it they took another look at the demonstrated challenges, limitations, and opportunities for improvement.

The three outbreaks occurred in 2018 and 2019 and caused a total of 474 illnesses, 215 hospitalizations, and five deaths. These illnesses were linked to the consumption of romaine lettuce from three distinct growing regions in Arizona and California.

.According to the study abstract:

 Some of the challenges encountered included the time it took to initiate a traceback, limited product-identifying information throughout the supply chain, lack of interoperability in record-keeping systems, and co-mingling of products from multiple suppliers.

These challenges led to time delays in the identification of the farm source of the leafy greens and the inability to identify the root cause of contamination. The researchers said implementation of technology-enabled traceability systems, testing of these systems, and future regulations to incentivize the adoption of traceability systems are some of the initiatives that will help address these challenges by improving traceback investigations and ultimately preventing foodborne illnesses and future outbreaks from occurring.

Leafy greens contaminated with Shiga toxinproducing Escherichia coli (STEC) have continued to cause foodborne illness outbreaks and remain a present threat to public health.

The Journal of Food Protection® includes refereed scientific research and authoritative review articles on a variety of food safety and protection topics. JFP is the leading publication in the field of food microbiology and remains the premier journal dedicated to food safety. The journal is published by the International Association for Food Protection which is supported by the largest food science community.

By Dan Flynn on April 19, 2021





The Orange County Master Gardeners Association's

Annual

Bloomin' Crazy Plant Fair & Sale

It was a great morning with good company, and another Master Gardeners' plant sale is down in the record books. Thank you to all who came and shopped, and a big THANK YOU to the dedicated effort of all the Master Gardeners who made the process a great success. 364 days and counting until next year's sale













Orange County

Facebook Orange County Texas Master Gardeners Association

Website https://txmg.org/orange

Email ocmg1990@gmail.com

Gardening Hot Line Tuesdays & Thursdays 10 am to 2 pm Call 409-882-7010

Or can email questions, concerns and or pictures to extension @co.orange.tx.us

Tree topping – Yes or No?

Since the winter storm Uri, a lot of people have asked what to do about their trees. Some want to top their trees. In researching this subject, I found this information from Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service the reasoning why you should not top a tree.



Proper cutting of limbs

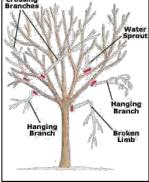
"Many people have the misconception that cutting the main branches of a tree back to stubs in an effort to reduce the height is the proper way to prune. In reality, the cutting of • nently disfigures and **actually** weakens a tree.

There are some tree service companies that promote and limbs should be taken care correct practice this drastic form of 'pruning." Apparently, a short tree is thought to be safer and

healthier than a tall tree regardless of how the result is attained. In fact, topping a tree in this manner is one of the worst things man can do to trees.

In addition to the unsightly appearance, topping directly results in several other problems for trees, the most severe being internal decay. When a branch is correctly pruned at and diseases. its point of attachment to the trunk just outside of the branch collar and the branch bark ridge, internal decay is usually stopped from progressing into the trunk by a barrier inside the collar. Also, a correct cut results in more rapid wound closure by callus tissue so that the bark's continuity is eventually re-established. Branch stubs produced by topping harbor decay fungi which eventually break down the barrier in the collar and then proceed into the trunk. Whenever a cut is made in the main leader by topping, there is nothing to prevent decay from developing in the trunk. The tree may be structurally weakened, and its useful life span reduced. Other adverse effects of topping are:

- Topping removes a major portion of a tree's leaves which are necessary for the production of carbohydrates.
- Once-shaded bark in the crossing canopy becomes scalded by exposure to direct sunlight.
- Stubs are likely to attract wood-boring sects. Stubbing stimulates the development of watersprouts just below the cut. These shoots grow rapidly, causing a topped tree to grow back to its original height faster and denser than a properly pruned tree. The watersprouts are also weakly attached and are easily broken off in storms.



Red lines are proper cutting places

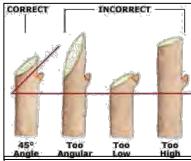
If the height of a tree has to be reduced because of storm damage or interference with electrical wires, it can be correctly done by a method called crown reduction or drop crotch pruning. The procedure involves the removal of a main leader or main branch at the point of attachment of a lateral branch. The final cut should be parallel to the lateral branch bark ridge without cutting into the bark ridge. The lateral branch should be at least one-third the size of the branch or leader that is being removed."

THINGS TO DO:

Do approach the tree and look for any limbs that might a tree back to stubs perma- be a hazard to someone underneath it or to a building/ structure nearby. Broken branches, weak branches, narrow crotch angles, and other obvious faults should be identified.

First and foremost, these

- Do remove any dead or dying material on the tree.
- Do remove limbs that are rubbing each other or cross over one another. Limbs that rub will develop wounds that attract insects
- Do remove excessive vertical sprouts. Some may need to be left in place to encourage caliper growth.



Correct and incorrect cutting angles above nodes

- Do prune to encourage fruiting. In the case of fruit trees, thinning out of limbs will allow allocation of nutrients, etc., for fruit production. In addition, practices such as open-center pruning allow sunlight penetration for fruit ripening.
- Do choose to keep branches with wide crotch angles. Wide crotch angles are generally from 40 to 90 degrees and are very strong as a result of being composed of solid wood. Narrow crotch angles are less than 40 degrees and contain a bark inclusion that causes them to be very weak. Narrow crotch angles should preferably be pruned out while the tree is still young. In older, established trees, bracing and cabling may be the only resort.
- Prune the tree to your liking. There are many different ways that one particular tree may be pruned. Even experts will have differing opinions on which branches to remove. The bottom line: whatever you like is what you should do, so long as you utilize proper cutting techniques and pruning methods.

Do keep in mind you should always have a reason for every cut made.

For your horticulture questions, please call our hot line at 409 882-7010, Tuesday or Thursdays, 10AM - 2PM or email ocmg1990@gmail.com or visit our Facebook page Orange County Texas Master Gardeners.

Orange County AgriLife Page 9

SOUTH EXAS STATE FAIR Sponsored by YMBL



















ORANGE COUNTY 4-41





SOUTH EXAS STATE FAIR Sponsored by YMBL



























ORANGE COUNTY 4-41

Hearts & Hares







Mexican Street Corn (Elote)

Elote is a traditional street food in Mexico. In America, it is typically called Mexican street corn. It is corn on the cob charred on an open grill and smothered in cheese, a cream sauce, and chipotle seasoning.

Ingredients

- 6 ears corn husked and all silk removed
- ♦ Olive oil
- ♦ 2 teaspoons chipotle chili powder
- ♦ 1/4 1/3 cup cotija cheese, crumbled
- ♦ 1/4 cup fresh parsley finely, chopped
- ♦ Sea salt
- ♦ 2 limes, juiced

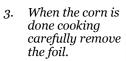
Mexican Cream Sauce:

- ♦ 1 cup heavy cream
- ♦ 2 tablespoons sour cream
- ♦ 1 lime, juiced
- ♦ 1/4 teaspoon chipotle chili powder
- ♦ 1/4 teaspoon salt

Instructions:

- Place each ear of corn on a piece of foil. Brush olive oil on each ear of corn and lightly sprinkle all sides of corn with sea salt. Wrap foil tightly around corn.
- 2. Preheat the grill to medium heat and place all 6

ears of corn on the grill grates. Close lid and cook for 15-20 minutes or until the corn on the cob can easily be pierced with a fork. Turn often while the corn is cooking to prevent burning the corn cob.



4. Lightly brush each ear of corn with Mexican

Cream Sauce mixture and sprinkle additional chipotle chili power, cotija cheese, fresh parsley, and fresh line juice over each ear of corn.

5. Serve hot and enjoy!



- Make sure your heat isn't too high on the grill. You don't want a direct flame on the foiled corn.
- Rotate corn often to ensure it doesn't burn on one side.
- You can substitute butter for olive oil when foil wrapping your corn.
- The Mexican Cream can be stored in the refrigerator and used on other recipes for 4-5 days.

https://princesspinkygirl.com/elote-mexican-street-corn/



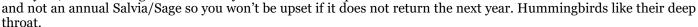
Pollinators need your help!!!

By Sheri Bethard, Texas Certified Master Gardener, Orange County

Winter Storm Uri took a toll on a lot of our flowering plants, both native and perennials. Pollinators such as bees, butterflies, moths, small animals, birds and even bats need our pollinator plants in order to continue thriving. Even though most of the wildflowers are starting to bloom, many of our plants have been set back many weeks before getting to the point of forming flowers. While we wait for our native and perennial plants to come back to life, you can help our pollinators by planting "ready made" flowering plants for them, thus helping until the natives and perennials are back to their norm.

Planting already flowering annuals or fast-growing perennials which bloom the first year will provide relief for these creatures. Some good plants to start with are Sweet Alyssum and Calendula. Most of them are now blooming in the stores. Sunflowers are fast growing and bloom early and this is the year of the Sunflower.

Some herbs you can consider planting is Basil and Bee Balm (Monarda) as bees love them. Salvia/Sages are also good plants to use with most of them being perennials. If you want to keep it year after year, check the tag to make sure your selection is a perennial



Butterflies and moths like the composite type flowers like those in the Aster Family. Cosmos and Calendula are fast-growing producing flowers early. Some of the plants you can select for your pollinator garden or any garden are:

Aster, Bush Morning Glory, Catnip, Flame Acanthus, Greg's Blue Mist Flower, Larkspur, Mexican Hat, Zinnias just to add a few to the ones listed above.

If you are interested in being a pollinator friendly yard year-round, here are some tips to get you started. Start out with woody plants such as Red Maple since they are a great bee pollinator in early spring. Vines such as Native Honey-suckle (not the Japanese kind we all are familiar with), Crossvines, Coral Vines and Flame Acanthus are good perennial vines with flowers most of the summer.

Shrubs to consider are Almond Verbena and Glossy Abelia which bloom for about 5-6 months. Roses are also good, but they should be the old-fashioned single rose, not the hybrids which are currently available. Then for mid-summer to fall bloom the butterfly bush is a good option. They come in shades of blue and purple along with pink but the blue and purple are the best for pollinators.

Then there are vegetables which support our pollinators along with pollinating them in order to produce. Peppers and strawberries are well liked by them. Vegetables, such as cabbage and kale, which bolt and flower, do not remove them for a while longer as these are well liked also.

Pollinators also need places to shelter such as small boxes, pieces of wood they can bore into, or cut sections of bamboo just to give examples. When making your garden, leave some bare soil for those needing the soil for making nests in. Water is another thing they need. Placing a water source in your garden will help since all do not get their moisture from the flowers.

For more on pollinators check out https://tpwd.texas.gov/education/bioblitz/guides by the Texas Parks & Wildlife. There you will find many links to refer to on pollinators.

The Orange County Master Gardeners Association would like to thank all the people who visited and purchased plants at our Annual Bloomin' Crazy Plant Fair & Sale. We had an outstanding turnout. We apologize to those of you waiting in line, but we wanted to make sure everyone would be as safe as possible during the COVID-19 pandemic and to keep the pavilion from being overcrowded. Thank you to those volunteering to wear their masks to help make it a safer place to shop. We are sorry we ran out of many items you were looking for as the demand was much greater than we anticipated, and plants were hard to come by due to the February storm. We also lost plants we had been growing since September.

Remember if you have a horticultural question, please contact our Hot-Line Tuesday and Thursdays from 10AM – 2PM at 409 882-7010, email at ocmg1990@gmail.com, on Facebook Orange County Texas Master Gardeners or thru our website Contact page at https://txmg.org/org.



Orange County Food Safety



Cinco de Mayo Group Cooking Food Safety Tips

Make sure your Cinco de Mayo gatherings are memorable for all the right reasons! Follow simple but important food safety tips to avoid food poisoning:

- Keep hands, kitchen, dishes and utensils clean.
 - Wash your hands constantly during preparation, serving and cleanup. Keep your kitchen, dishes and utensils clean. Be sure your serving dishes are clean.
- **Avoid Cross-Contamination.**
 - Separate raw meats from other foods to avoid crosscontamination. Also, do not serve food on plates that previously held raw meat or poultry.
- Keep perishable foods refrigerated.
 - Keep all perishable foods chilled until serving time. These include finger sandwiches, cheese platters, fruit or tossed salads, cold pasta dishes with meat, poultry, or seafood, and cream pies or cakes with whipped-cream and cream-cheese frostings.
- Keep hot food hot and cold food cold.
 - Hot foods should be held at 140°F or warmer. On the buffet table, keep hot foods hot with chafing dishes, warming trays or slow cookers. Keep the covers on the hot food dishes to keep the heat inside the dish.
 - Cold food should be held at 40°F or colder. Keep foods cold by nesting dishes in bowls of ice. Otherwise, use smaller serving platters and replace them often.
- Use a Food thermometer. P
 - Public health officials recommend using a food **thermometer** to make sure foods are cooked to a high enough temperature to kill pathogens and bacteria. Those temperatures are:
 - 145°F for whole beef, veal, fish, lamb, fresh **pork** and ham — allowing the meat to cool for 3

- minutes before carving or consuming;
- 160°F for ground beef, veal, pork and lamb, and for egg dishes.
- 165°F for all poultry, including ground chicken and ground turkey, and stuffing, leftovers and casseroles.
- Safe serving tips.
 - When serving foods on a buffet table, serve them in several small dishes or platters rather than on huge platters.
 - Keep the rest of the hot food in your oven (set at 200 to 250°F) or cold food in the refrigerator until serving. This way, the foods will be kept at safe temperatures for a longer period of time.
 - When the small platters are empty, *replace them* with clean dishes rather than add fresh food to a dish that already had food in it.
 - Leftover food safety Use the 2-hour rule.
 - Bacteria will multiply if you let foods sit out too long. Don't leave perishable goodies out of the fridge for more than two hours (1 hour in temperatures above 90°F).
 - Refrigerate or freeze leftovers within two hours of serving. If the leftover foods were on your buffet longer than two hours, throw them out.
 - Eat your leftovers within three to four days. Use your freezer for longer storage. Reheat leftovers to 165°F.
- Clean up after your party. Use soap and water to wash the countertops, tables and the refrigerator door handle (one of the dirtiest spots in a busy kitchen). After washing and rinsing off the suds, follow up with a sanitizing solution of one teaspoon of bleach to one quart of water. Spray on the clean surfaces and air-dry.









Most clubs and projects do not meet during the summer. Check with your club manager.

Dusty Trails 4-H & Clover Kids Club

1st Tuesday 6 pm 4-H Office Club Manager Casey Trahan 409-988-4873

CCS Lions 4-H Club

1st Wednesday
3: 30 pm Community Church
Club Manager
David Beck
409-474-9631
All Orange County
Homeschool youth are
welcomed to join CCS Lions

OC 4-H Judging Club

Thursday's 6 pm 4-H Office Club Manager Melissa Pyatt 409-679-2441 Co-Manager Sharon Richard 409-920-1333

Mighty Pirates 4-H

2nd Tuesday 7 pm 4-H Office Club Managers Sandy Mitchell 409-201-8523 Lisa Edwards 409-554-1960

Clay Busters Shooting Sports

Meetings 3rd Tuesday 6 pm 4-H Office Practice Tuesdays 6 pm Orange County Gun Club Club Manager Robert Caffey 409-767-6222

County 4-H Council

All enrolled 4-H youth are welcome to be a part of County Council 1st Monday 6 pm 4-H Office

Adult Leaders Association (ALA)

1st Monday 6 pm 4-H Office All enrolled Adult Volunteers are welcomed to be a part of ALA



project Groups

Equine Riders & Non-Riders

3rd Monday 6pm
Tin Top 2 (T2) Arena
Old Peveto Road
Orange
Sharon Dowden
Co-Leader
Martha Weaver

Food & Nutrition

3rd Tuesday 6pm 4-H Office Leaders Tonya Wright

Robotics

4th Monday 4-H Office **NEW TIMES**

Youth 5-8 6 pm-7 pm Youth 9-18 6 pm to 8 pm Leader Cindy Childress

Fashion & Interior Design

4th Tuesday 6pm 4-H Office Leader Darla Dempsey

May 2021

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
						1
2	3 ALA & CC Pizza Party 6pm OCLSA 7 pm	4 Dusty Trails 6 pm	5 CCS Lions 3:30 pm	6 OC Judging 6 pm	7	8
alpy Mether's	10	11 Mighty Pirates 7 pm	12	13	14	15
16	17 Equine Project 6 pm	18 Clay Busters 6 pm Food & Nutrition 6 pm	19	20	21	22
23	24 Robotics 6 pm	25 Fashion & Interior Design 6 pm	26	27	28	29
30	31memorial DAY					

4-H Record books

Due in the office by 5 pm

Monday June 14th

4-H Youth Ages 15 and up

Are welcomed to be a youth volunteer at our Youth Summer Cooking Camp

June 21st - June 25th

If interested, please contact the office as soon as possible,

Validating
Spring Heifers, Major Steers and
Dallas Swine
The week of June 7th

Bloom Into Nutrition

Tommy Byers, BLT Nutrition Educator



What foods are in the Fruit .

Any fruit or 100% fruit juice counts as part of the Fruit Group. Fruits may be fresh, canned, frozen, or dried, and may be whole, cut-up, pureed, or cooked. At least half of the recommended amount of fruit should come from whole fruit, rather than 100% fruit juice.

How much fruit is needed dai-

The amount of fruit you need to eat depends on your age, sex, height, weight, and level of physical activity. For women, the amount can also depend on whether you are pregnant or breastfeeding. Find the right amount for you by getting your MyPlate Plan. For general recommendations by age, see the table below.

What counts as cup of fruit?

In general, 1 cup of fruit or 100% fruit juice, or $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of dried fruit can be considered as 1 cup from the Fruit Group. The table below shows specific amounts that count as 1 cup of fruit towards your daily recommended intake.

Why is it important to eat fruit?

Eating fruit provides health benefits—people who eat more fruits and vegetables as part of an overall healthy diet are likely to have a reduced risk of some chronic diseases. Fruits provide nutrients vital for health and sour cream, cream, and butter. maintenance of your body.

Nutrition:

Moat fruits are naturally low in fat, sodium and calomany people don't c, and folate.

Diets rich in potassium may help to maintain healthy pressure. Fruits sources of potassium include bananas, prunes and prune juice, dried peaches and apricots, cantaloupe, honeydew melon, orange juice,

sapote, jackfruit, guava, and

kiwi

Dietary fiber from fruits, as part of an overall healthy diet, helps reduce blood cholesterol levels and many lower risk of heart disease. Fiber is important for proper bowel functions. Whole or cut up fruit are sources of dietary fiber; contain little or no fruit fiber.

Vitamin C important for growth and repair of all Why is it important to eat/ body tissues, helps heal cuts drink dairy? and wounds, and keeps teeth and gums healthy. Vitamin C easily.

Dairy What foods are included in the Dairy Group?

The Dairy Group includes milk, yogurt, cheese, lactose-free milk and fortified soy milk and yogurt. It does not include foods made from milk that have little calcium and a high fat content, such as cream cheese,

How much food from the Dairy Group is needed daily?

The amount of dairy you need

ries. None have cholesterol. depends on your age, sex, Fruits are sources of many height, weight, and level of essential nutrients that physical activity. For women, get the amount can also depend on enough of, including potassi- whether you are pregnant or um, dietary fiber, vitamin breastfeeding. About 90% of Americans do not get enough dairy, therefore most individuals would benefit by increasing intake of fat-free or low-fat whether from dairy, (including lactose-free milk), yogurt, and cheese, or from fortified soy milk or yogurt. Find the right amount for you by getting your MyPlate Plan. For general recommendations by age, see the table below.

What counts as a cup in the Dairy Group?

In general, 1 cup of milk, yogurt, or soy milk, or $1\frac{1}{2}$ ounces of natural cheese can be considered as 1 cup from the Dairy Group. The table below list's specific amounts that count as 1 cup in the Dairy Group towards your daily recommended intake.

Consuming dairy products provides health benefits — espehelps your absorb iron more cially building and maintaining strong bones. Foods in the Dairy Group provide nutrients that are vital for health and maintenance of your body. These nutrients include calcium, potassium, vitamin D, and protein.

Cheesy Pasta with Summer Veggies

- 4 cups assorted vegetables, fresh or frozen (sliced zucchini, chopped broccoli, peas, etc.
- 1 cup fresh tomatoes chopped and seeds removed.
- 8 ounce whole wheat pasta (rotini, bow tie, penne)
- 1 1/2 tablespoons vegetable or olive oil
- 2 medium garlic cloves minced or 1/4 teaspoon garlic salt
- 1/2 cup onion, chopped (about 1/2 medium onion)
- 1 teaspoon dried Italian seasoning
- 1/4 teaspoon salt
- 1/8 teaspoon black pepper
- 1/4 cup parmesan cheese
- 1/2 cup shredded low fat mozzarella cheese
- 1. Wash vegetables before cutting in to them.
- 2. Cook pasta according to package direction. Drain water from cooked pasta and save 1/4 cup of water.
- 3. Heat oil in a large skillet as pasta cooks. Add garlic and onion to skillet. Sauté over medium heat about 1-2 minutes or until soft.
- 4. Add any uncooked hard vegetables and cook for 3 minutes. Add soft vegetables and continue to cook. Add Italian seasoning, salt and pepper. Add tomatoes last and cook until warm.
- 5. Add cooked drained pasta to the vegetables. Add a little of the water from the pasta if need-
- 6. Add cheese to mixture. Stir until cheese is mostly melted.
- 7. Serve immediately.



Simple Mango Ceviche

1 lb. cooked shrimp
2 mangos
1/4 cup red onion, diced
1 heaping tablespoon jalapeno, diced and seeds removed
1 vine ripe tomato, diced and seeds removed
1 handful cilantro
Juice of 1 lime
Salt to taste

Chop everything up into bite-size pieces and place in a bowl.

Drizzle with lime juice and salt.

Serve with chips and enjoy!

https://thealmondeater.com/simple-mango-ceviche/



DISASTER ASSISTANCE FOR FARMERS AFFECTED BY RECENT WINTER WEATHER

Federal Crop Insurance
Non-insured crop disaster assistance program
Livestock indemnity program
Emergency assistance for livestock, honeybee,
and farm raised fish program
Tree assistance program

VISIT FARMERS.GOV FOR MORE INFO.





Farm and Ranch Friends was your livestock or crops impacted by last months winter weather event? Help is available!

USDA offers several programs to help with recovery including:

- Federal Crop Insurance
- Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program
- Livestock Indemnity Program
- Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybee and Farm-raised Fish Program (ELAP)
- Tree Assistance Program
- Other programs may be available!

Visit <u>farmers.gov</u> for more information on these programs!

https://www.farmers.gov/.../usda-offers-disaster...







"This week is #NationalVolunteerWeek, and a time for us to pay homage to those who help us accomplish our mission.

I am deeply thankful for all our volunteers, and I am also thankful for the members of our organization that embrace volunteerism within our organization — creating opportunities and fostering relationships to make lives better.

Thank you for your dedication to this wonderful agency.
Thank you for embracing volunteerism in your
AgriLife Extension programs and volunteering with your
communities."

-JEFF HYDE, PH.D., DIRECTOR OF TEXAS A&M AGRILIFE EXTENSION



AFTER-DARK FAMILY FUN

Night Bowling

Who needs a bowling alley when you can create your own glowing bowling alley in your own backyard? All you need are some empty soda or water bottles, some glow sticks, and a ball. It's a fun way to burn off some energy on a summer night before bed.



Swimming Pool Stargazing

Star gazing is fun, but this idea totally takes it up several notches. Just put a blow-up pool in the backyard and fill it up with lots of pillows and blankets. Not only is it more comfy, but it's perfect for keeping the itchy grass and bugs away.



Movie in Mom & Dad's Room



This one is SO easy to pull off, but my girls loved it. Just tape a sign on their door inviting them to a special movie night in mom and dad's room. We have family movie nights a lot, but for some reason just changing the location to our bed made it exciting and new for them. (And the special snacks didn't hurt either.)



Make Fairy Jars

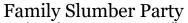
This fairy jars are super easy to make and they glow for up to 8 hours. They're perfect for making together and then taking outside on a summer night. (If your boys are not into fairies-just call them glow jars.) https://www.momdot.com/fairy-jar-tutorial-dis/



Glow-in-the-Dark Sidewalk Chalk

Make glow-in-the-dark sidewalk chalk and then play a fun family game of Pictionary on the front or back porch. If you try this one, you should totally make some glow-in-the-dark drinks to go with it!

https://www.growingajeweledrose.com/2013/07/glow-in-dark-chalk-recipe.html



Here's another super easy one to pull off. Just blow up an air mattress and stick it in the living room for a fun family sleep over. Or if you don't have an air mattress, grab some sleeping bags or even just blankets and pillows. We popped popcorn, watched a movie, and played a couple of games. We even took turns telling "scary" stories by flashlight. (And I have to say, it's pretty funny what my little girls consider "scary.")





Flashlight Games & Shadow Puppets

These games and ideas and perfect for some late night summer fun. Just stock up on

flashlights and batteries, then when the sun goes



Glow-in-the-Dark Game Night

This fun group date night would also work *perfectly* as a fun family night! From glow-in-the-dark baseball to glow-in-the-dark ring toss and capture the flag- there are lots of fun game ideas for an after dark family party.

https://www.thedatingdivas.com/glow-dark-group-date/

Glowing Water Blob You've probably seen all of the fun water blobs

You've probably seen all of the fun water blobs on Pinterest, but I bet you haven't seen this fun glowing water blob! Takes it to a whole new level, huh? Yes, this idea takes a little more time and preparation than the others, but I think it's worth it. My kids would totally LOVE this! What kid wouldn't?!

https://pagingfunmums.com/2014/01/31/glowing-water-blob/





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What's Happening

MAY

3rd, 10th, 17th, & 24th Do Well, Be Well with Diabetes

4th Food Handlers Certification 8th, 15th, & 22nd Adult Sewing Class 25h & 27th Certified Food Managers Certification

JUNE

21st - 25th Youth Cooking Camp

JULY

13th - 15th Youth Sewing Camp 27th - 29th Clover Kids Camp

AUGUST

3rd Food Safety Conference & Food Handlers Certification 10th & 11th Certified Food Managers Course 14th Soap Making

SEPTEMBER

18th Outdoor Awareness 25th Pressure Canning Vegetables

OCTOBER

5th, 7th, 12th, 14th & 19th Do Well, Be Well with Diabetes 8th Youth County Fair Project Contest 8th & 9th Orange County Livestock Show 19th 52nd Annual Senior Citizen Rally Day

NOVEMBER

9th & 10th Certified Food Managers Certification 20th Wreath Making

DECEMBER

4th Pressure Canning Meat

Texas A&M AgriLife Extension provides equal opportunities in its programs and employment to all persons, regardless of race, color, sex, religion, national origin, disability, age, genetic information, veteran status, sexual orientation, or gender identity. The Texas A&M University System, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and the County Commissioners Courts of Texas Cooperating.